

The wildflower mix that takes it to another level.

## FLOWERS 'N' FLOWERS ELITE

### W I L D F L O W E R S

#### DESCRIPTION:

Flowers 'N' Flowers Elite was developed in conjunction with our popular Flowers 'N' Flowers Mix. While both contain native and naturalized wildflowers of annual, biennial and perennial wildflowers, Flowers 'N' Flowers Elite mix is lower growing. Both mixes have the genetic diversity to adapt to differing areas, climatic conditions and soil types. Flowers 'N' Flowers Elite contains wildflowers of different colors and maturities and will provide a carpet of changing color throughout the year. The annuals should produce a seed crop every year to help reestablish the annuals for the following year.

#### PREPARATION:

It is important to provide a good seed bed for wildflowers as they generally compete poorly established weeds and grasses. The ground should be rototilled or scarified to provide good seed to soil contact and should be as free as possible of weed and grass competition. Unless the soil is very depleted, no pre-plant fertilizer is recommended.

#### TIMING:

A spring planting before anticipated rainfall is best. Summer plantings can also be successful with adequate irrigation or rainfall to ensure germination and establishment. Late summer seedings should allow at least 8 weeks before the first expected frost. Dormant seedings in late fall and winter can also be successful and the seed will normally germinate during spring as the soil warms.

#### SEEDING:

A seeding rate of 6 to 10 lbs. per acre is recommended. Flowers 'N' Flowers is formulated to provide at least 40 seeds per square foot at these rates. An inert carrier such as vermiculite may be helpful to evenly spread the seed. Seeding can be accomplished with a drill (plant to a depth of 1/8 – 1/4 inch and firm well) or with a drop spreader, cyclone spreader, or by hand. Spread seed as evenly as possible and rake very lightly. Weed-free straw or peat moss may be used as mulch.

#### MAINTENANCE:

The earliest blooms may appear 6 – 8 weeks after seeding. Others will appear later throughout the spring and summer. Most perennials will not flower until the second year.

No fertilizer is recommended unless the soil is of very low fertility. Fertilizer generally encourages weeds and grasses at the expense of wildflowers. Irrigation may be helpful during periods of drought and will usually increase the amount of flowering and the length of blooming.

#### TECHNICAL PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Flower Name	Height	Type	Flower Color
Bachelor Button	8 – 36"	A	Blue / White
Baby's Breath	8 – 18"	A	White
African Daisy	8 – 12"	A	Yellow / Orange
Western Wallflower	12 – 24"	B / P	Yellow / Orange
California Poppy	12 – 18"	A / P	Yellow / Orange
Plains Coreopsis	18 – 36"	A	Yellow / Maroon
Lance-Leaved Coreopsis	18 – 36"	P	Yellow
Sweet William	12 – 24"	P	White / Pink / Red
Scarlet Flax	12 – 36"	A	Scarlet
Baby Blue Eyes	4 – 12"	A	Blue
Blue Flax	12 – 30"	P	Blue
Godetia	8 – 18"	A	Pink / White / Lilac
California Bluebells	8 – 20"	A	Blue
Catchfly	16 – 22"	A / P	Pink
Baby Snapdragon	8 – 24"	A	Red / Pink / Yellow