

Norgold Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

What is it?

All the advantages of Sweet Clover without the concern of “Sweet Clover Disease”

Why grow it?

Features	Benefits
Low coumarin	➔ Will NOT cause “Sweet Clover Disease” and is suitable for livestock consumption
Deep tap root	➔ Improves soil condition and enables it to be more drought hardy than alfalfa
Biennial	➔ Provides cover for establishing perennials
Adaptability	➔ nitrogen fixing legume that survives in areas where alfalfa is not adapted
Increased quality	➔ Relatively fine, leafy growth compared to other sweet clovers

How to grow it...

Seeding Information	Adaptations	Management
Seed 6 lbs/ac	Adapted to fertile, well drained clay soils; but successfully grows in sand and gray luvisols	Cut hay at bud stage; quality declines with age due to more stem matter
Seed no deeper than ½ inch into a firm seed bed	Prefers alkaline soils (pH>6.0); saline tolerant	Bloat potential is less than alfalfa when grazing; graze to 30 cm height
Vigorous seedlings that enable good early growth	Tolerates a few days of flooding; very drought tolerant	Fertilize according to soil tests; fixes Nitrogen but requires phosphorus, potash and sulfur